

Bezpečnostní pokyny

	Než začnete zařízení používat, přečtěte si bezpečnostní pokyny a návod k obsluze. Vysvětlete pokyny svým dětem. Poučte je také o možných nebezpečích, která souvisejí s používáním zařízení.
	K zajištění bezpečného provozu doporučujeme používat k nabíjení přístroje (5V $\overline{\text{---}}$ 2A) napájení dodané s tabletem.
	Tento produkt obsahuje zabudované dobíjecí baterie a neměl by být na konci své životnosti likvidován v rámci běžného domovního odpadu. Symbol s přeškrtnutou popelnicí ukazuje, že musí být odevzdán ve sběrném dvoře pro elektrické a elektronické přístroje (viz "Likvidace").
	Provoz tohoto zařízení může mít vliv na fungování lékařských přístrojů. Dodržujte technické podmínky zdravotnických zařízení, např. lékařské ordinace. Pokud používáte lékařské přístroje (např. kardiostimulátor), informujte se u jejich výrobce, do jaké míry jsou tyto přístroje odolné vůči externímu vysokofrekvenčnímu rušení.
	Tyto přístroje nejsou chráněny proti stříkající vodě. Nenechávejte je proto ve vlhkých místnostech, jako jsou např. koupelny nebo sprchy.
	Nepoužívejte přístroje v prostředí, kde hrozí nebezpečí výbuchu, například v lakovnách.
	Zařízení předávejte třetím osobám vždy s návodem k obsluze.
	Vadné přístroje vyřadte z provozu nebo je nechte opravit servisním oddělením, protože jinak by mohly rušit jiné bezdrátové služby.
	Přístroj nepoužívejte, je-li displej naprasklý nebo rozlomený. Rozlomené sklo nebo plast může způsobit úrazy na rukou a na obličeji. Nechávejte si přístroj opravovat v servisu.
	Ztratě sluchu zabráníte tím, že se vyhnete naslouchání při velké hlasitosti po delší dobu.

Zákaznický servis a podpora

Máte nějaké otázky? Jako zákazník společnosti Gigaset můžete využít naši rozsáhlou nabídku služeb.

Rychlou nápovědu získáte v online návodu k obsluze a na servisních stránkách na online portálu Gigaset na adrese

www.gigaset.com/service

www.gigaset.com/QV830 / www.gigaset.com/QV1030

nebo využijte různých služeb volbou následujících adres:

Registrace produktu:

www.gigaset.com/register

Otázky a odpovědi (FAQ):

www.gigaset.com/faq

Kontakt:

www.gigaset.com/contact

Prohlášení o shodě

Toto zařízení je určeno k použití po celém světě kromě evropského hospodářského prostoru (s výjimkou Švýcarska) v souladu s národními předpisy.

Specifické zvláštnosti země jsou zohledněny.

Společnost Gigaset Communications GmbH tímto prohlašuje, že tento přístroj je ve shodě se základními požadavky a dalšími příslušnými ustanoveními Nařízení vlády č. 426/2000 Sb a směrnice 1999/5/EC. Je též ve shodě s „Všeobecným oprávněním č.VO-R/10/08.2005-24 k využívání rádiových kmitočtů a k provozování zařízení krátkého dosahu“ a „Všeobecným oprávněním č. VO-R/8/08.2005-23 k využívání rádiových kmitočtů a k provozování zařízení bezšňůrové telekomunikace standardu DECT“.

Kopie Prohlášení o shodě je k dispozici na této internetové adrese:

www.gigaset.com/docs

nebo prostřednictvím hotline-linky společnosti (tel.: 23303 2727).

QV830 / QV831

CE 0700

QV1030

CE 0700 !

Tento produkt je určen pouze pro použití uvnitř budov.

Záruční list

Typ přístroje:

Výrobní číslo přístroje: (viz typový šítek přístroje)

..... (vyplní prodejce)

Datum prodeje:

..... (vyplní prodejce)

Razítko a podpis prodejce: (vyplní prodejce)

Oprava č. 1
Datum příjmu do opravy

Datum provedení opravy

Razítko a podpis opravny:

Oprava č. 2
Datum příjmu do opravy

Datum provedení opravy

Razítko a podpis opravny:

Oprava č. 3
Datum příjmu do opravy

Datum provedení opravy

Razítko a podpis opravny:

Záruční podmínky - viz zadní strana.

Záruční podmínky

- 1) Záruční doba na výrobek činí 24 měsíců a počíná plynout dnem převzetí výrobku kupujícím. Životnost akumulátoru je 6 měsíců od data převzetí výrobku kupujícím. Ztráta kapacity akumulátoru, která se projeví do šesti měsíců od převzetí výrobku, jde k tíži prodávajícího. Po této době se toto posuzuje jako snížení funkčnosti akumulátoru způsobené obvyklým opotřebením.
- 2) Odpovědnost za vady nelze uplatnit: Pokud výrobek nebyl provozován v souladu s návodem k použití, pokud se jedná o chybnou instalaci výrobku, pokud došlo k neoprávněnému nebo neodbornému zásahu do výrobku, vniknutí cizích látek do výrobku, působení vyšší moci (např. živelné pohromy), pokud byl výrobek skladován mimo rozmezí teplot - přístroj: -25°C až +55°C, akumulátor: 0°C až +49°C - nestanovi-li výrobce v návodu k použití jinak, pokud byl výrobek skladován nebo provozován ve vlhkém, prašném, chemicky agresivním či jinak nevhodném prostředí - nestanovi-li výrobce v návodu k použití jinak, pokud dojde k mechanickému poškození, pokud byl výrobek připojen na jiné než předepsané napájecí napětí, pokud bylo k výrobku připojeno jiné než výrobce schválené příslušenství. Odblokování bezpečnostního kódu výrobku není servisním úkonem a nevztahuje se na něj záruka. Ztráta nebo zapomenutí bezpečnostního kódu výrobku nejsou vadami, a proto za ně prodávající v rámci poskytované záruky neodpovídá.
- 3) Prodávající rovněž neodpovídá za vady, pro které byla poskytnuta sleva z ceny výrobku.
- 4) Prodávající neručí za zachování individuálních nastavení či údajů uložených kupujícím v reklamovaném výrobku. Prodávající si vyhrazuje právo vrátit reklamovaný výrobek ve stavu, který odpovídá stavu při jeho převzetí kupujícím, tj. bez jakýchkoliv dat a s továrními nastavením.
- 5) Řádně vyplněný záruční list musí obsahovat tyto údaje: typ výrobku, výrobní číslo, razítko prodejce, datum prodeje a podpis oprávněného pracovníka.
- 6) Reklamací je možné uplatnit u prodejce, dovozce nebo v prodejním a servisním centru společnosti Micos spol. s r.o. na adrese: Modřice - Masarykova 118, 664 42 (příjem poštou i osobní příjem) nebo na adrese Olomouc - Ztracená 6 (osobní příjem), Prostějov - Žižkovo nám. 11 (osobní příjem).
- 7) Hotline a informace o průběhu reklamací: tel. 233 032 727

Likvidace

Veškeré elektrické a elektronické výrobky musí být likvidovány odděleně od komunálního odpadu prostřednictvím určených sběrných míst stanovených vládou nebo místními úřady.



Tento symbol škrtnuté popelnice na kolečkách znamená, že se na produkt vztahuje evropská směrnice 2002/96/ES.

Správná likvidace a samostatný sběr starých přístrojů pomůže prevenci před negativními důsledky na životní prostředí a lidské zdraví. Je předpokladem opakovaného použití a recyklace použitého elektrického a elektronického zařízení.

Podrobnější informace o likvidaci starých přístrojů si prosím vyžádejte od místního úřadu, podniku zabývajícího se likvidací odpadů nebo v obchodě, kde jste produkt zakoupili.

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Podrobné informace naleznete

► Stránka aplikací ► Nastavení ► Informace o tabletu ► Právní informace ► Licence open source

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Version 2, June 1991

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<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1989

Ty Coon, President of Vice

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Version 2.1, February 1999

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Most GNU software, including some libraries, is covered by the ordinary GNU General Public License. This license, the GNU Lesser General Public License, applies to certain designated libraries, and is quite different from the ordinary General Public License. We use this license for certain libraries in order to permit linking those libraries into non-free programs.

When a program is linked with a library, whether statically or using a shared library, the combination of the two is legally speaking a combined work, a derivative of the original library. The ordinary General Public License therefore permits such linking only if the entire combination fits its criteria of freedom. The Lesser General Public License permits more lax criteria for linking other code with the library.

We call this license the "Lesser" General Public License because it does Less to protect the user's freedom than the ordinary General Public License. It also provides other free software developers Less of an advantage over competing non-free programs. These disadvantages are the reason we use the ordinary General Public License for many libraries. However, the Lesser license provides advantages in certain special circumstances.

For example, on rare occasions, there may be a special need to encourage the widest possible use of a certain library, so that it becomes a de-facto standard. To achieve this, non-free programs must be allowed to use the library. A more frequent case is that a free library does the same job as widely used non-free libraries. In this case, there is little to gain by limiting the free library to free software only, so we use the Lesser General Public License.

In other cases, permission to use a particular library in non-free programs enables a greater number of people to use a large body of free software. For example, permission to use the GNU C Library in non-free programs enables many more people to use the whole GNU operating system, as well as its variant, the GNU/Linux operating system.

Although the Lesser General Public License is Less protective of the users' freedom, it does ensure that the user of a program that is linked with the Library has the freedom and the wherewithal to run that program using a modified version of the Library.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow. Pay close attention to the difference between a "work based on the library" and a "work that uses the library". The former contains code derived from the library, whereas the latter must be combined with the library in order to run.

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0. This License Agreement applies to any software library or other program which contains a notice placed by the copyright holder or other authorized party saying it may be distributed under the terms of this Lesser General Public License (also called "this License"). Each licensee is addressed as "you".

A "library" means a collection of software functions and/or data prepared so as to be conveniently linked with application programs (which use some of those functions and data) to form executables.

The "Library", below, refers to any such software library or work which has been distributed under these terms. A "work based on the Library" means either the Library or any derivative work under copyright law: that is to say, a work containing the Library or a portion of it, either verbatim or with modifications and/or translated straightforwardly into another language. (Hereinafter, translation is included without limitation in the term "modification".)

"Source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. For a library, complete source code means all the source code for all modules it contains, plus any associated interface definition files, plus the scripts used to control compilation and installation of the library.

Activities other than copying, distribution and modification are not covered by this License; they are outside its scope. The act of running a program using the Library is not restricted, and output from such a program is covered only if its contents constitute a work based on the Library (independent of the use of the Library in a tool for writing it). Whether that is true depends on what the Library does and what the program that uses the Library does.

1. You may copy and distribute verbatim copies of the Library's complete source code as you receive it, in any medium, provided that you conspicuously and appropriately publish on each copy an appropriate copyright notice and disclaimer of warranty; keep intact all the notices that refer to this License and to the absence of any warranty; and distribute a copy of this License along with the Library.

You may charge a fee for the physical act of transferring a copy, and you may at your option offer warranty protection in exchange for a fee.

2. You may modify your copy or copies of the Library or any portion of it, thus forming a work based on the Library, and copy and distribute such modifications or work under the terms of Section 1 above, provided that you also meet all of these conditions:

- The modified work must itself be a software library.
- You must cause the files modified to carry prominent notices stating that you changed the files and the date of any change.
- You must cause the whole of the work to be licensed at no charge to all third parties under the terms of this License.
- If a facility in the modified Library refers to a function or a table of data to be supplied by an application program that uses the facility, other than as an argument passed when the facility is invoked, then you must make a good faith effort to ensure that, in the event an application does not supply such function or table, the facility still operates, and performs whatever part of its purpose remains meaningful.

(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

These requirements apply to the modified work as a whole. If identifiable sections of that work are not derived from the Library, and can be reasonably considered independent and separate works in themselves, then this License, and its terms, do not apply to those sections when you distribute them as separate works. But when you distribute the same sections as part of a whole which is a work based on the Library, the distribution of the whole must be on the terms of this License, whose permissions for other licensees extend to the entire whole, and thus to each and every part regardless of who wrote it.

Thus, it is not the intent of this section to claim rights or contest your rights to work written entirely by you; rather, the intent is to exercise the right to control the distribution of derivative or collective works based on the Library.

In addition, mere aggregation of another work not based on the Library with the Library (or with a work based on the Library) on a volume of a storage or distribution medium does not bring the other work under the scope of this License.

3. You may opt to apply the terms of the ordinary GNU General Public License instead of this License to a given copy of the Library. To do this, you must alter all the notices that refer to this License, so that they refer to the ordinary GNU General Public License, version 2, instead of to this License. (If a newer version than version 2 of the ordinary GNU General Public License has appeared, then you can specify that version instead if you wish.) Do not make any other change in these notices.

Once this change is made in a given copy, it is irreversible for that copy, so the ordinary GNU General Public License applies to all subsequent copies and derivative works made from that copy.

This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

4. You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License. Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also combine or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

You must give prominent notice with each copy of the work that the Library is used in it and that the Library and its use are covered by this License. You must supply a copy of this License. If the work during execution displays copyright notices, you must include the copyright notice for the Library among them, as well as a reference directing the user to the copy of this License. Also, you must do one of these things:

a) Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable "work that uses the Library", as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)

b) Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the Library. A suitable mechanism is one that (1) uses at run time a copy of the library already present on the user's computer system, rather than copying library functions into the executable, and (2) will operate properly with a modified version of the library, if the user installs one, as long as the modified version is interface-compatible with the version that the work was made with.

c) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

d) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.

e) Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the materials to be distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

It may happen that this requirement contradicts the license restrictions of other proprietary libraries that do not normally accompany the operating system. Such a contradiction means you cannot use both them and the Library together in an executable that you distribute.

7. You may place library facilities that are a work based on the Library side-by-side in a single library together with other library facilities not covered by this License, and distribute such a combined library, provided that the separate distribution of the work based on the Library and of the other library facilities is otherwise permitted, and provided that you do these two things:

a) Accompany the combined library with a copy of the same work based on the Library, uncombined with any other library facilities. This must be distributed under the terms of the Sections above.

b) Give prominent notice with the combined library of the fact that part of it is a work based on the Library, and explaining where to find the accompanying uncombined form of the same work.

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Version 2, June 1991

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[This is the first released version of the library GPL. It is numbered 2 because it goes with version 2 of the ordinary GPL.]

Preamble

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This license, the Library General Public License, applies to some specially designated Free Software Foundation software, and to any other libraries whose authors decide to use it. You can use it for your libraries, too.

When we speak of free software, we are referring to freedom, not price. Our General Public Licenses are designed to make sure that you have the freedom to distribute copies of free software (and charge for this service if you wish), that you receive source code or can get it if you want it, that you can change the software or use pieces of it in new free programs; and that you know you can do these things.

To protect your rights, we need to make restrictions that forbid anyone to deny you these rights or to ask you to surrender the rights. These restrictions translate to certain responsibilities for you if you distribute copies of the library, or if you modify it.

For example, if you distribute copies of the library, whether gratis or for a fee, you must give the recipients all the rights that we gave you. You must make sure that they, too, receive or can get the source code. If you link a program with the library, you must provide complete object files to the recipients so that they can relink them with the library, after making changes to the library and recompiling it. And you must show them these terms so they know their rights.

Our method of protecting your rights has two steps: (1) copyright the library, and (2) offer you this license which gives you legal permission to copy, distribute and/or modify the library.

Also, for each distributor's protection, we want to make certain that everyone understands that there is no warranty for this free library. If the library is modified by someone else and passed on, we want its recipients to know that what they have is not the original version, so that any problems introduced by others will not reflect on the original authors' reputations.

Finally, any free program is threatened constantly by software patents. We wish to avoid the danger that companies distributing free software will individually obtain patent licenses, thus in effect transforming the program into proprietary software. To prevent this, we have made it clear that any patent must be licensed for everyone's free use or not licensed at all.

Most GNU software, including some libraries, is covered by the ordinary GNU General Public License, which was designed for utility programs. This license, the GNU Library General Public License, applies to certain designated libraries. This license is quite different from the ordinary one; be sure to read it in full, and don't assume that anything in it is the same as in the ordinary license.

The reason we have a separate public license for some libraries is that they blur the distinction we usually make between modifying or adding to a program and simply using it. Linking a program with a library, without changing the library, is in some sense simply using the library, and is analogous to running a utility program or application program. However, in a textual and legal sense, the linked executable is a combined work, a derivative of the original library, and the ordinary General Public License treats it as such.

Because of this blurred distinction, using the ordinary General Public License for libraries did not effectively promote software sharing, because most developers did not use the libraries. We concluded that weaker conditions might promote sharing better.

However, unrestricted linking of non-free programs would deprive the users of those programs of all benefit from the free status of the libraries themselves. This Library General Public License is intended to permit developers of non-free programs to use free libraries, while preserving your freedom as a user of such programs to change the free libraries that are incorporated in them. (We have not seen how to achieve this as regards changes in header files, but we have achieved it as regards changes in the actual functions of the Library.) The hope is that this will lead to faster development of free libraries.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow. Pay close attention to the difference between a "work based on the library" and a "work that uses the library". The former contains code derived from the library, while the latter only works together with the library.

Note that it is possible for a library to be covered by the ordinary General Public License rather than by this special one.

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You may charge a fee for the physical act of transferring a copy, and you may at your option offer warranty protection in exchange for a fee.

2. You may modify your copy or copies of the Library or any portion of it, thus forming a work based on the Library, and copy and distribute such modifications or work under the terms of Section 1 above, provided that you also meet all of these conditions:

- The modified work must itself be a software library.
- You must cause the files modified to carry prominent notices stating that you changed the files and the date of any change.
- You must cause the whole of the work to be licensed at no charge to all third parties under the terms of this License.
- If a facility in the modified Library refers to a function or a table of data to be supplied by an application program that uses the facility, other than as an argument passed when the facility is invoked, then you must make a good faith effort to ensure that, in the event an application does not supply such function or table, the facility still operates, and performs whatever part of its purpose remains meaningful.

(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

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Thus, it is not the intent of this section to claim rights or contest your rights to work written entirely by you; rather, the intent is to exercise the right to control the distribution of derivative or collective works based on the Library.

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This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

4. You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

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6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also compile or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

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- Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable "work that uses the Library", as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)
- Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.
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- Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

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It may happen that this requirement contradicts the license restrictions of other proprietary libraries that do not normally accompany the operating system. Such a contradiction means you cannot use both them and the Library together in an executable that you distribute.

7. You may place library facilities that are a work based on the Library side-by-side in a single library together with other library facilities not covered by this License, and distribute such a combined library, provided that the separate distribution of the work based on the Library and of the other library facilities is otherwise permitted, and provided that you do these two things:

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